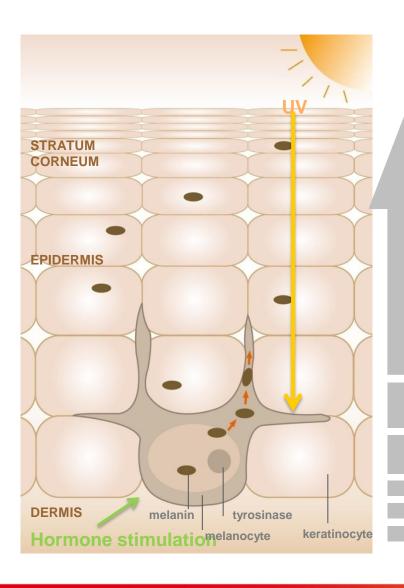


AS POTENT AS VITAMIN C WITHOUT THE INSTABILITY



Melanogenesis



3. Migration to the skin surface

2. Distribution to keratinocyte

- 1. Melanin production
- Tyrosinase inhibition
- Inhibition of melanin stimulating factor e.g. alpha-MSH



Whitening agents examples

Hydroquinone

- Effective BUT cytotoxic and mutagenic
- Cannot be used in cosmetics

• α-Arbutin

- A hydroquinone derivative
- Potential ban in Europe

Kojic acid

- Possible mutagenic
- Japan: 1% limitation

Ascorbic acid

Effective BUT easily oxidized in aqueous solution

Ref: Petit, L., Pierard, G., Skin-lightening products revisited, Int. J. Cosm. Sc, (2003), 25, 169-181



Whitening agents – Ascorbic Acid Derivatives

- Magnesium L-ascorbyl-2-phosphate (MAP)
 - Stable
 - Easily dissociates to anions
 - Difficult to penetrate the epidermis
- L-Ascorbic Acid 2-Glucoside (AA2G)
 - Higher molecular weight
 - Lesser activity on tyrosinase inhibition
 - Lesser activity on monomer aggregation
- Ethyl ascorbic acid
 - Stable
 - Penetrates epidermis

Ref: Petit, L., Pierard, G., Skin-lightening products revisited, Int. J. Cosm. Sc, (2003), 25, 169-181



CORUM 9515

INCI: 3- O – Ethyl ascorbic acid

Also known as:

3- O – ethyl ascorbic ether

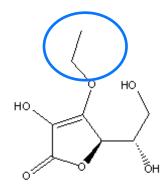
3- O – ethyl ascorbic acid

Physical Properties

- Purity > 99.0%
- White crystalline powder
- Water soluble
- Metabolized by the human body in the same manner as Lascorbic acid (Vitamin C)
- Excellent stability



MW: 204.18





The Functions of Corum 9515



Skin lightening & Balance skin tone

Reduce dark spot & age spot

Collagen synthesis

Reversing auto-oxidation

Radical scavenging

DNA protection



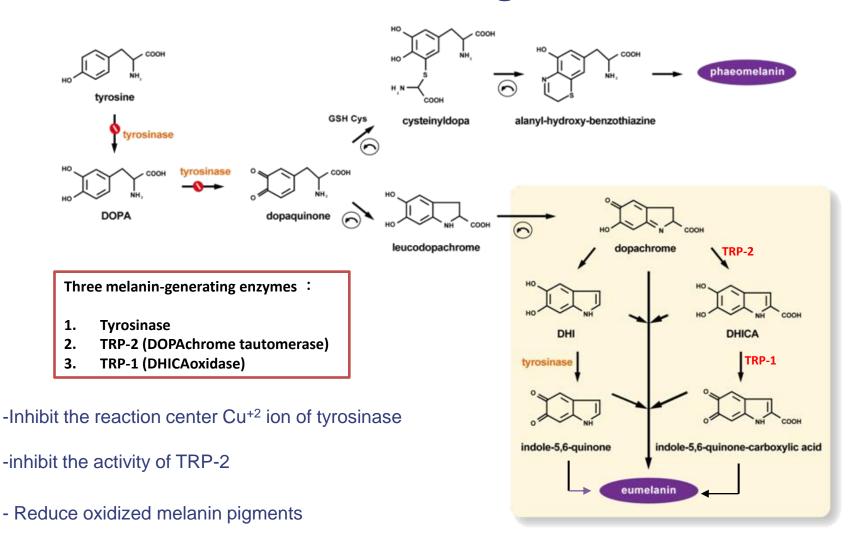
- In- vitro tyrosinase inhibition
- Reducing activity
- In-vitro whitening activity
- Ex-vivo melanin assay
- In-vivo whitening efficacy

- Anti-inflammation test
- Stimulation of collagen synthesis
- Radical scavenging effect

DNA Protection



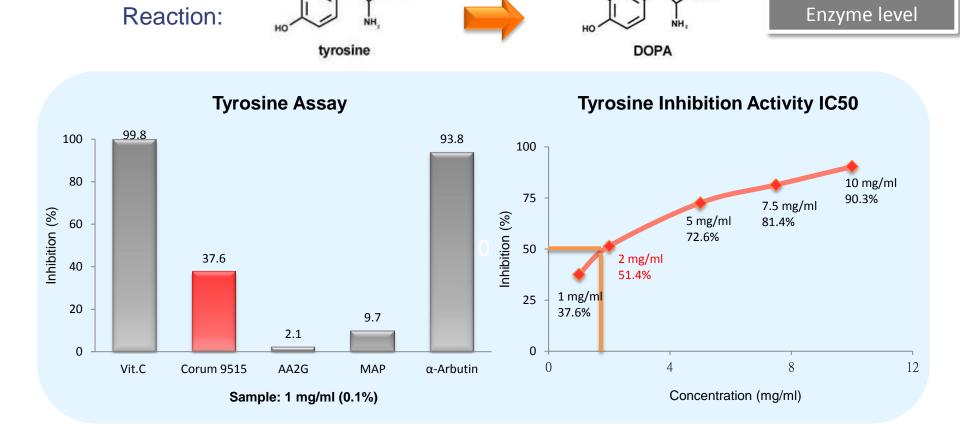
CORUM 9515 Whitening Mechanism



Ref: Briganti, S et al. (2003) Chemical and Instrumental Approaches to Treat Hyperpigmentation Pigment Cell Res 16:101–110.



Efficacy Test: In- vitro tyrosinase (I) inhibition



Result: 0.1 % Corum 9515 can inhibit tyrosinase activity up to 37.6 %,

2 mg/mL concentration of Corum 9515 can reach 50% inhibition

CORUM For brighter, younger-looking skin

Efficacy Test: In- vitro tyrosinase (II) inhibition

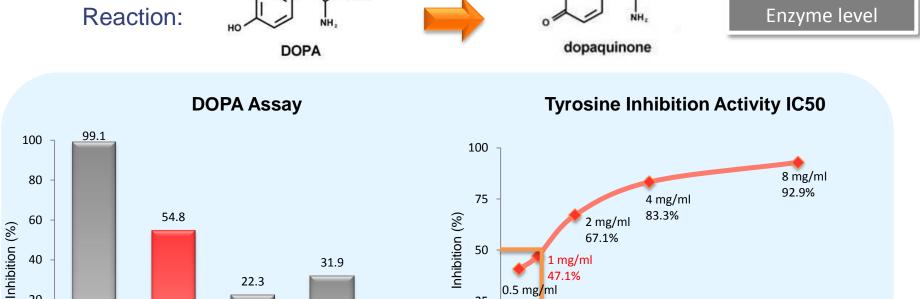
соон

22.3

AA2G

Sample: 1 mg/ml (0.1%)

MAP



Result: 0.1 % Corum 9515 can inhibit tyrosinase activity up to 54.8%,

α-Arbutin

-19.9

1 mg/mL concentration of Corum 9515 can reach 50% inhibition

25

0

40.7%

47.1%

5

Concentration (mg/ml)

10

20

0

-20

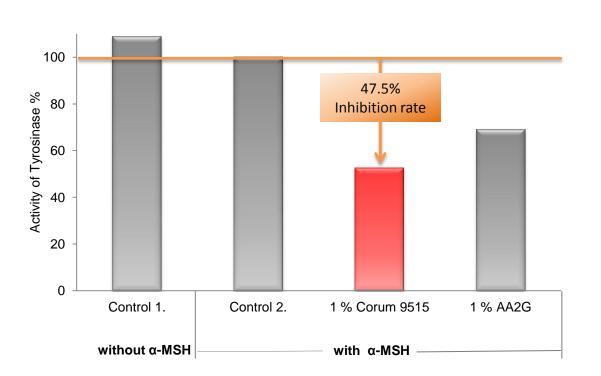
Vit.C

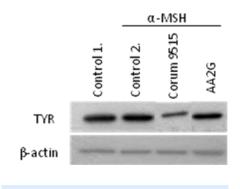
Corum 9515

Efficacy Test: In- vitro Tyrosinase, Trp-2 inhibition

Protein level

Tyrosinase inhibition





Tests: 1.Western blot – Tyrosinase, Trp-2 2.In-vitro melanogenesis inhibition (with alpha-MSH)

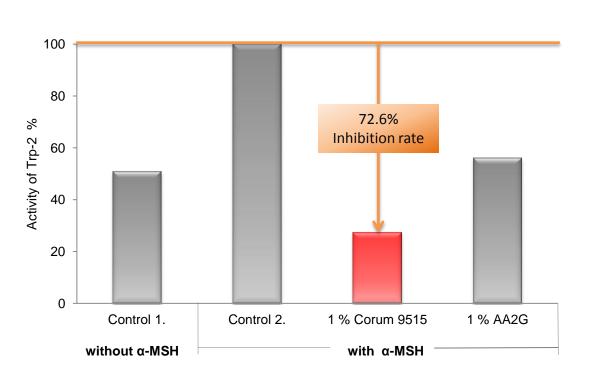
Result: 1 % Corum 9515 can inhibit tyrosinase activity up to 47.5 % in protein level.

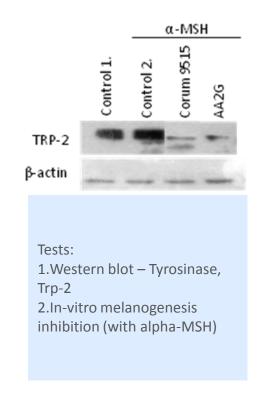


Efficacy Test: In- vitro Tyrosinase, Trp-2 inhibition

Protein level

Trp-2 inhibition





Result: 1 % Corum 9515 can inhibit trp-2 activity up to 72.6 % in protein level.



- In- vitro tyrosinase inhibition
- Reducing activity
- Ex-vivo melanin assay
- In-vitro whitening activity
- In-vivo whitening efficacy

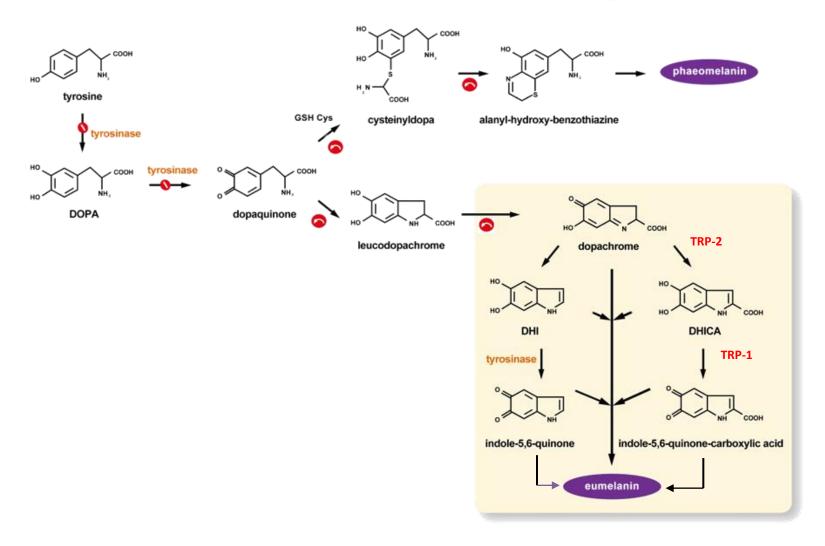
- Anti-inflammation test
- Stimulation of collagen synthesis
- Radical scavenging effect

DNA Protection





Efficacy Test: Ferric Reducing Ability



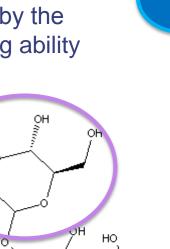
Ref: Briganti, S et al. (2003) *Chemical and Instrumental Approaches to Treat Hyperpigmentation*Pigment Cell Res 16:101–110.



Efficacy Test: Ferric Reducing Ability

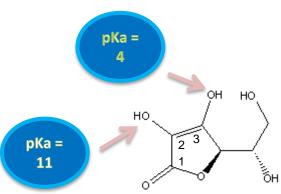
- pKa value greater less acidic
- better reducing ability
- 2' carbon without occupying by the ethyl group has better reducing ability

HOwn.

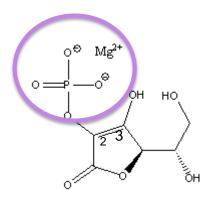








Ascorbic acid (reduced form of Vitamin C)

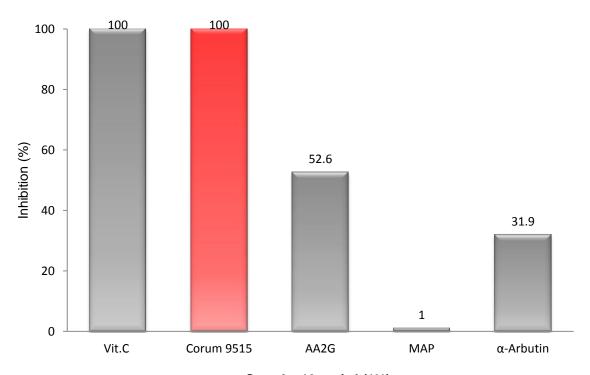


MAP



Efficacy Test: Ferric Reducing Ability

Fe
$$^{3+}$$
 + e- \longrightarrow Fe $^{2+}$



Sample: 10 mg/ml (1%)



- In- vitro tyrosinase inhibition
- Reducing activity
- In-vitro whitening activity
- Ex-vivo melanin assay
- In-vivo whitening efficacy

- Anti-inflammation test
- Stimulation of collagen synthesis
- Radical scavenging effect





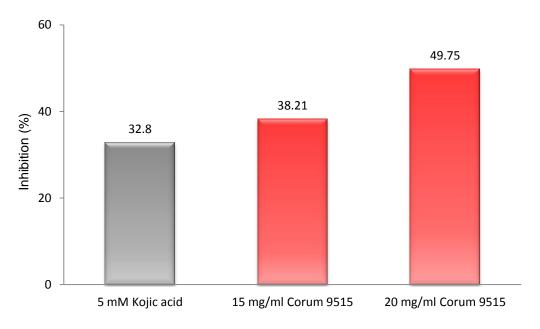


Efficacy Test: In- vitro whitening activity study - melanin assessment

Tested by *IDEA*

Method: 12 hours contact with the product and stimulation during 48 hours with theophylline at 0.5 mM.

Result: 49.75% whitening effect, 20mg/ml Corum 9515



Ref: "Study of the effect of a test item on depigmentation of cells in culture: melanin assessment", IDEA, Aug, 2008.



- In- vitro tyrosinase inhibition
- Reducing activity
- In-vitro whitening activity
- Ex-vivo melanin assay
- In-vivo whitening efficacy

- Anti-inflammation test
- Stimulation of collagen synthesis
- Radical scavenging effect

DNA Protection

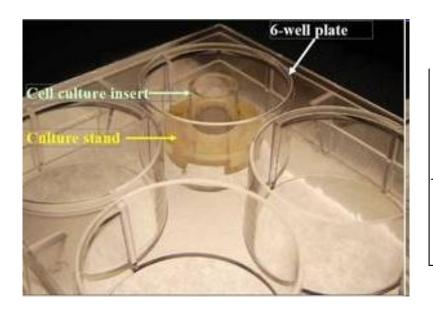


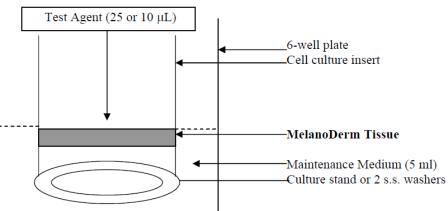
Efficacy Test: Ex-vivo Melanin Assay (MelanoDerm™)

Tested by BioInnovation Laboratories, Inc (USA)

Purpose

- using an in vitro tissue model of the human epidermis prepared from cultured human keratinocytes and melanocytes.
- both water-soluble and water-insoluble materials
- skin darkening agents or skin lightening agents

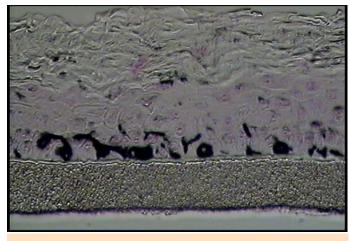






Efficacy Test: Ex-vivo Melanin Assay

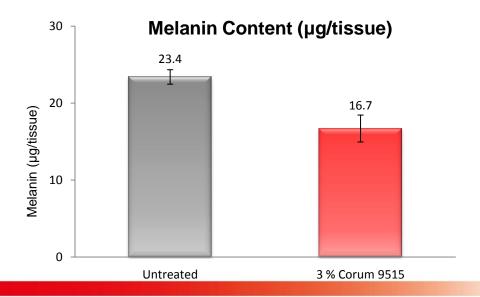
Test day- 9 days



Untreated Tissue



3 % Corum 9515





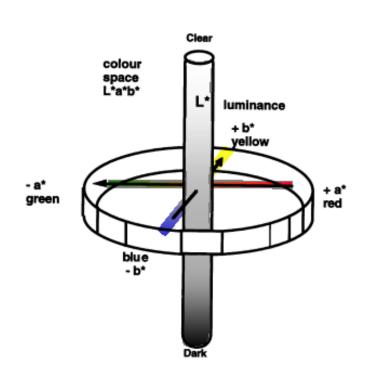
- In- vitro tyrosinase inhibition
- Reducing activity
- In-vitro whitening activity
- Ex-vivo melanin assay
- In-vivo whitening efficacy

- Anti-inflammation test
- Stimulation of collagen synthesis
- Radical scavenging effect

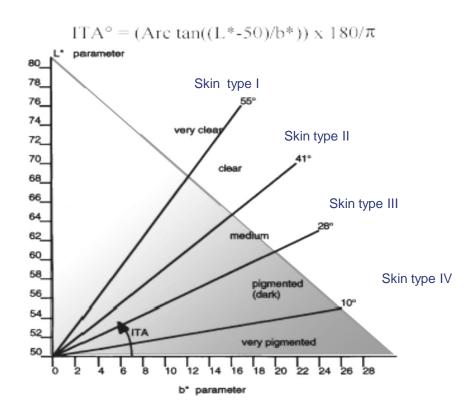




- Tested by : SPINCONTROL
- Test Method : Chromametric Analysis



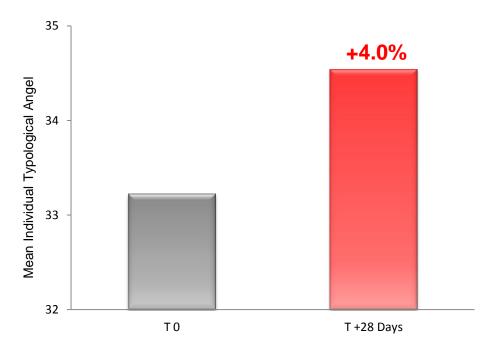
Ref:



Chardon, A., Cretois, I., Hourseau, C., *Skin colour typology and sun tanning pathways* Int. J. Cosm. Sci, (1991), 13, 191-208



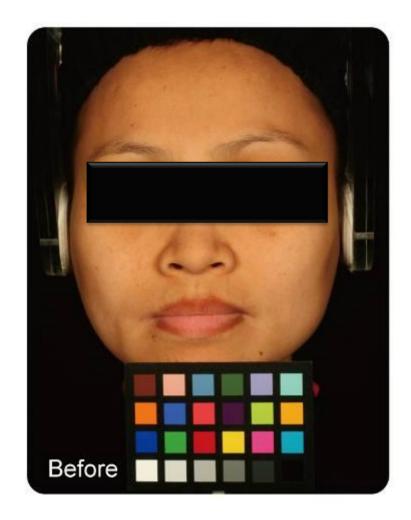
- Tested by SPINCONTROL
- Subjects: 20 healthy Asian female 25-40 years old with skin type III
- Method: Chromametry (CR-300), 2% C-9515 cream

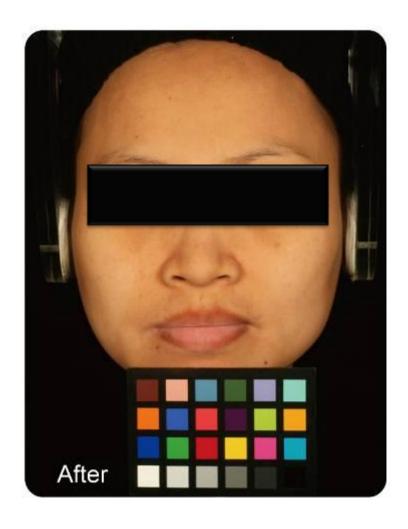


Result: Significant increase

Ref: "In vivo evaluation of the efficacy of one whitening lotion in healthy Asian subjects by chromatography", Spincontrol Asia, November, 2007.



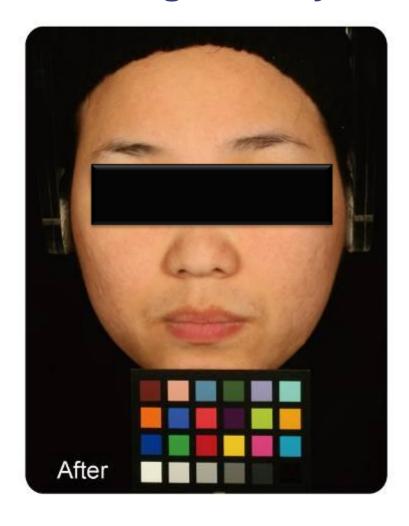




Ref: "In vivo evaluation of the efficacy of one whitening lotion in healthy Asian subjects by chromatography", Spincontrol Asia, November, 2007.







Ref: "In vivo evaluation of the efficacy of one whitening lotion in healthy Asian subjects by chromatography", Spincontrol Asia, November, 2007.



- In- vitro tyrosinase inhibition
- Reducing activity
- In-vitro whitening activity
- Ex-vivo melanin assay
- In-vivo whitening efficacy

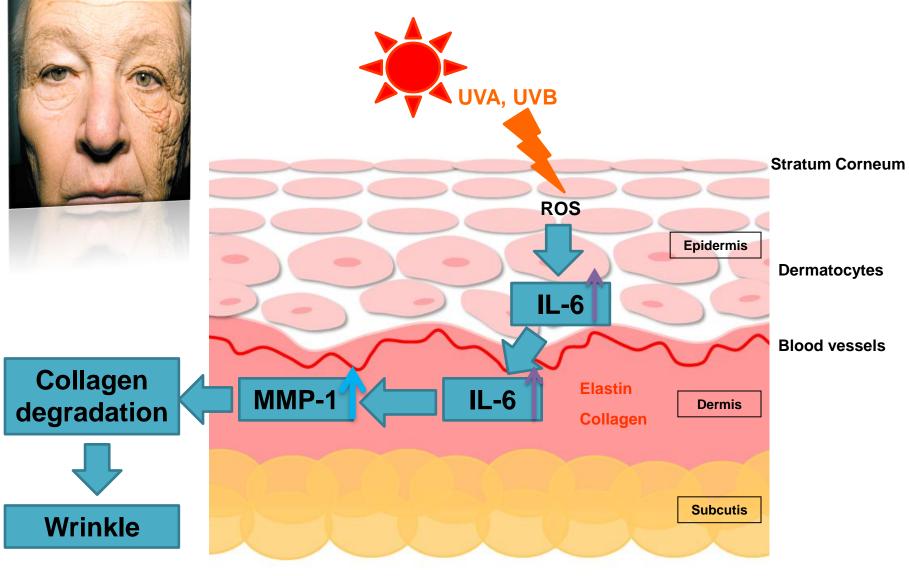
- Anti-inflammation test
- Stimulation of collagen synthesis
- Radical scavenging effect

DNA Protection





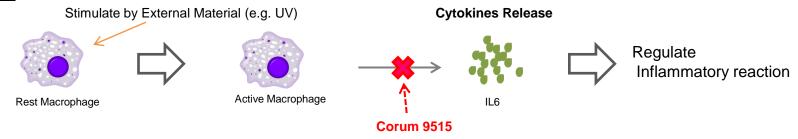
Mechanism of Photoaging

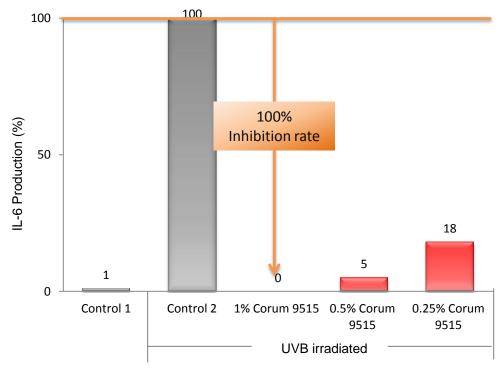




Efficacy Test Anti-inflammation test – "IL-6"

Principle







- In- vitro tyrosinase inhibition
- Reducing activity
- In-vitro whitening activity
- Ex-vivo melanin assay
- In-vivo whitening efficacy

- Anti-inflammation test
- Stimulation of collagen synthesis
- Radical scavenging effect

DNA Protection



Collagen and its function



- The main protein of connective tissue
- Make up 25% 35% of the whole-body protein content
- Different types of collagen



Epidermis

Dermis



Functions

• Impart strengths, support and skin elasticity

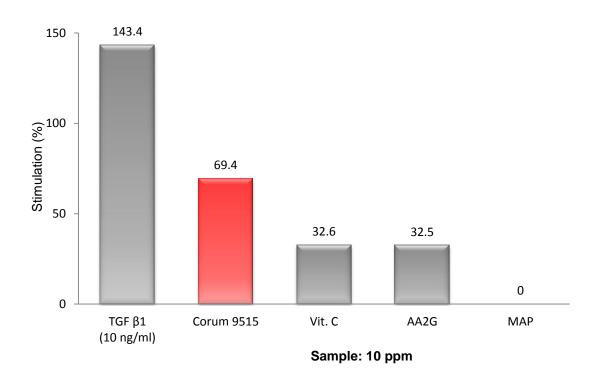
Why important

As skin ages, it produces less collagen and loses its
 elasticity
 Wrinkle formation
 Aged skin



Efficacy Test:Stimulation of natural collagen synthesis

3T3 cell culture after 72 hours of incubation with sample



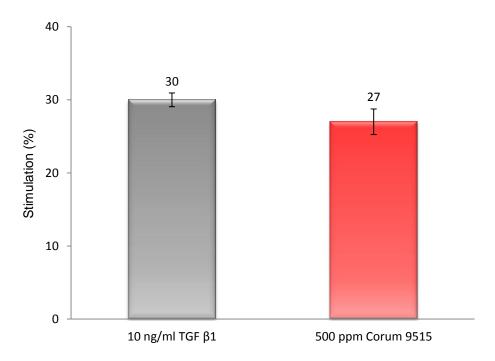
Result: Corum 9515 has the best collagen stimulation effect compared to other Vitamin C derivatives



Efficacy Test:Stimulation of natural collagen synthesis

Studied by *IDEA*, France After 48hrs contacts

- TGF β1 is a very strong collagen synthesis stimulator.
- It is tested with type I collagen



Result: Corum 9515 has a similar effect on collagen synthesis as TGF β1



- In- vitro tyrosinase inhibition
- Reducing activity
- In-vitro whitening activity
- Ex-vivo melanin assay
- In-vivo whitening efficacy

- Anti-inflammation test
- Stimulation of collagen synthesis
- Radical scavenging effect

DNA Protection



Corum 9515 free-radical scavenging mechanism

What are free radicals

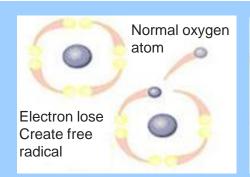
- Atoms, molecules, or ions with unpaired electrons
- Due to its unpaired electrons, they are often highly reactive
- Often causes chain reactions

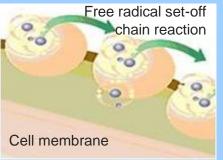
Cause

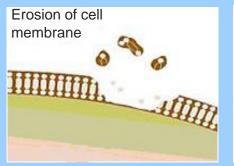
• UV rays, stress & environmental pollution etc.

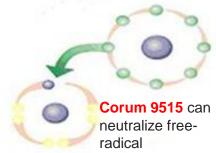
Why important

- It can participate in unwanted side reactions resulting in cell damage.
- Many form of cancer are thought to be the result of reactions between free radicals and DNA.







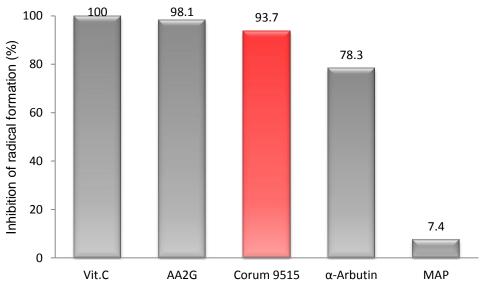




Efficacy Test: Radical scavenging test DPPH assay

Other benefits:

- Anti-oxidant effect (L-ascorbic acid function)
- Radical Scavenging effect (L-ascorbic acid function)

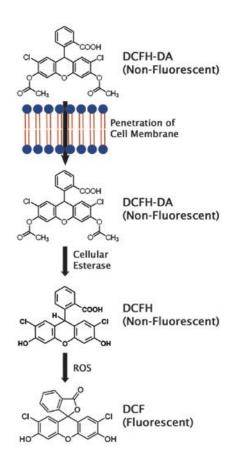


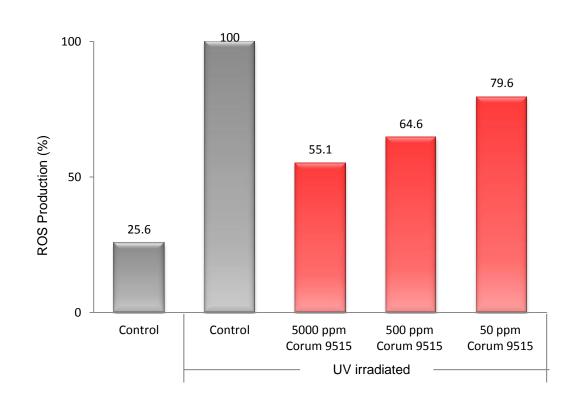
Sample: 1 mg/ml (0.1%)



Efficacy Test: Radical scavenging test ROS assay after UVB irradiated

Principle





Result: Corum 9515 shows a great ability on ROS inhibition.



CORUM 9515 Efficacy Studies

- In- vitro tyrosinase inhibition
- Anti-inflammation test

Reducing activity

Stimulation of collagen synthesis

In-vitro whitening activity

Radical scavenging effect

Ex-vivo melanin assay

DNA Protection

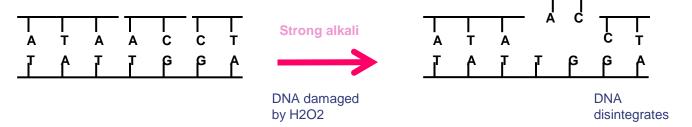
In-vivo whitening efficacy

- a. In-vitro, Comet Assay
- b. Ex-vivo

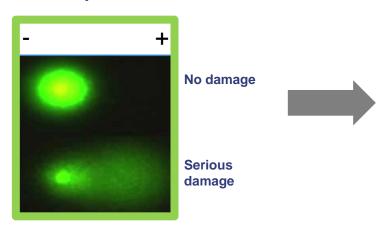


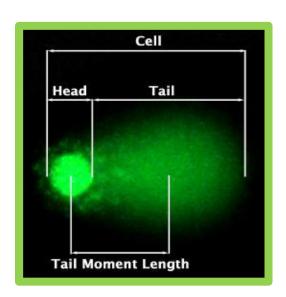
Efficacy Test: DNA Protection Comet Assay

- Method: Single Cell Gel Electrophoresis Assay Comet Assay
- Theory:



Single cell electrophoresis

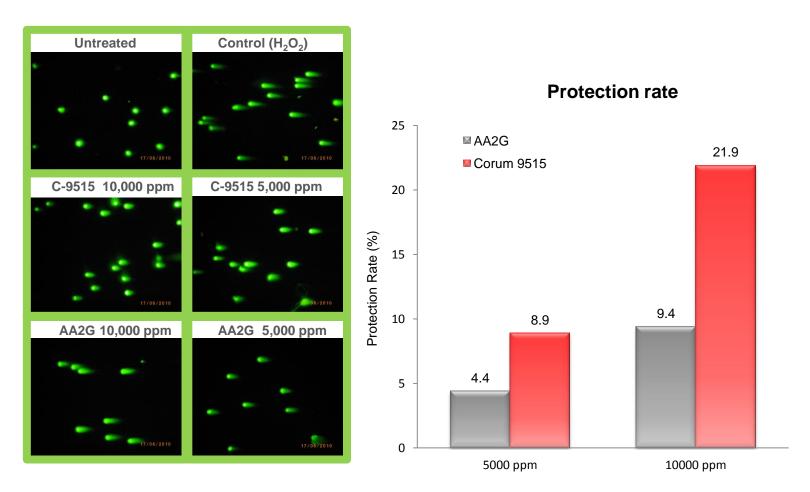






Efficacy Test: DNA Protection

Comet Assay



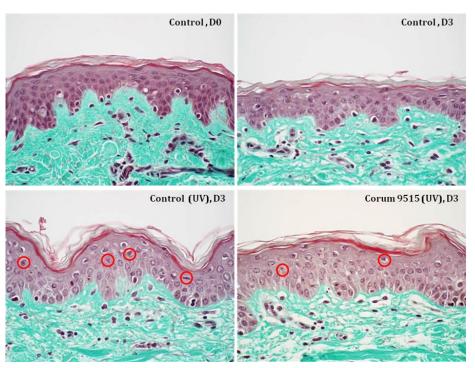
Result: Corum 9515 shows high efficiency on DNA protection activity.



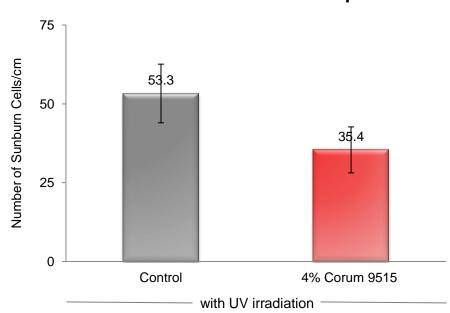
Efficacy Test: DNA Protection

after UVB irradiation on human living skin explants

Studied by *BIO-EC*, France



Number of sun burn cell in the epidermis



Result: Corum 9515 shows high efficiency on DNA protection activity after UVB irradiation.



^{*}Sunburn cell are indicated by an circle

Stability Tests

- Heat-stability (45[°]C, 1 month)
 - color (Transmittance in 440nm)
 - purity (HPLC)

• Photo-stability (sunlight, 1 month)



Buffer system and pH effect (45 °C , 56 days and RT, 90 days)



Stability: Heat-Stability

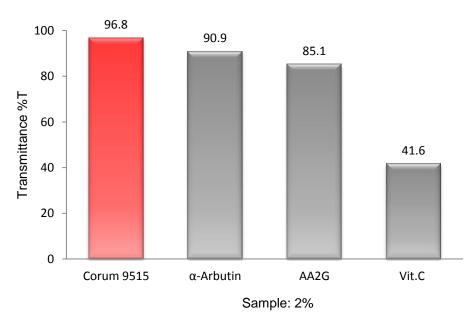
0 month 2% 45 °C without buffer



1 month 2% 45 °C without buffer



1 Month 45°C Stability (Transmittance in 440nm)



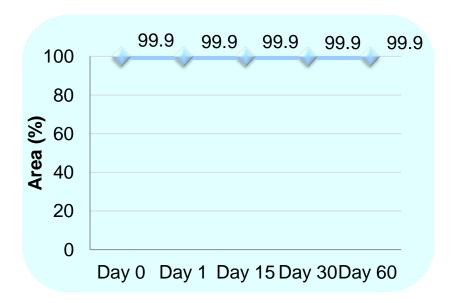
CORUI

For brighter, younger-looking skin

Stability: Crystalline Powder Heat-Stability

60 Days 45°C Purity

- HPLC system
- UV detection at 214nm
- Corum 9515 crystalline powder



Result: Corum 9515 crystalline powder remains stable under 45°C for 60 days

Stability Tests

- Heat-stability (45°C, 1 month)
 - color (Transmittance in 440nm)
 - purity (HPLC)

Photo-stability (sunlight, 1 month)



Buffer system and pH effect (45 °C , 56 days and RT, 90 days)



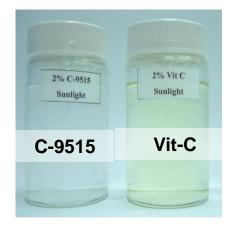
Stability: Corum 9515 Photo-Stability

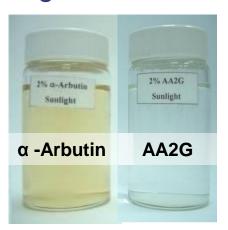
0 month 2% under sunlight without buffer





1 month 2% under sunlight without buffer







Stability Tests

- Heat-stability (45°C, 1 month)
 - color (Transmittance in 440nm)
 - purity (HPLC)

• Photo-stability (sunlight, 1 month)



Buffer system and pH effect (45 ℃, 56 days and RT, 90 days)



Stability under different pH & buffer

PURITY assay by HPLC

Preparation:

2% buffer solution

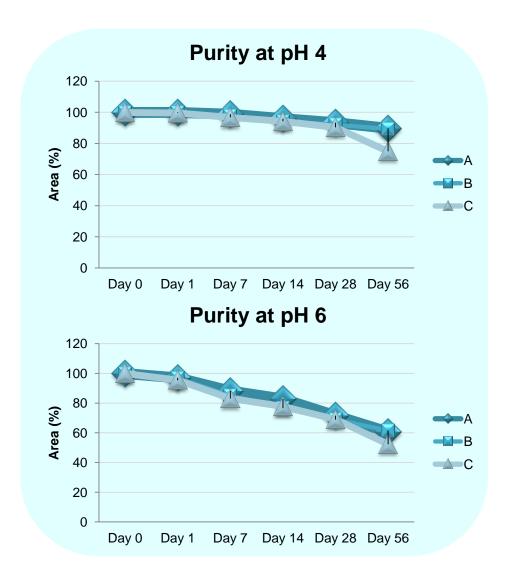
Day: 56 days at 45°C

Buffer system:

A- Sodium Citrate – Citric Acid

B- Na2HPO4- Citric Acid

C- NaHCO3 - Citric Acid



Ref: Corum Internal Report. Feb 2009.



pH Stability under different buffer

pH Stability

Preparation:

2% buffer solution

Day: 56 days at 45°C

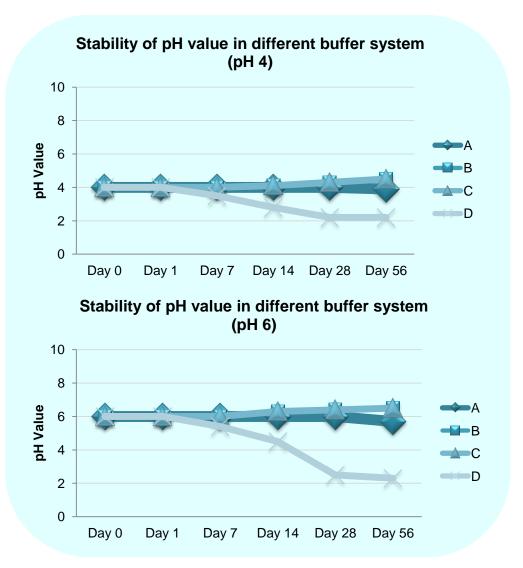
Buffer system:

A- Sodium Citrate - Citric Acid

B- Na2HPO4 - Citric Acid

C- NaHCO3 - Citric Acid

D -NaOH - Citric acid



Ref: Corum Internal Report. Feb 2009.



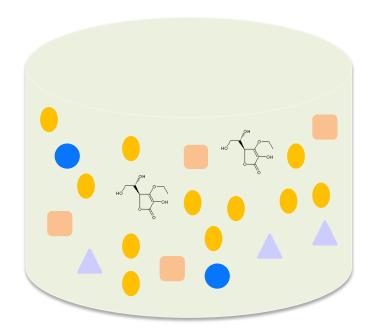
Anti-oxidant lessen color change

Anti-oxidant is recommended to be used in formulation

Corum 9515 Ethyl Ascorbic Acid is also a powerful anti-oxidant.

Thus it needs a stronger anti-oxidant to prevent its effect before it reach target area.







Anti-oxidant lessen color change

45 \mathcal{C} for 6 months



	Control				
C-9515	0%	2%	2%	2%	
Sodium bisulfite	0%	0%	0.15%	0.2%	

- Sodium bisulfite can lessen color change
- But ! Too much sodium bisulfite will accelerate color change



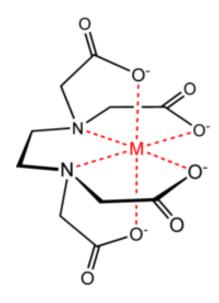
Anti-oxidant lessen color change

Ingredient	<u>I-1</u>	<u>l-2</u>	<u>l-3</u>	<u>l-4</u>
A Emulium Delta	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
A Myristyl Myristate	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
A Diethylhexyl Sebacate	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
A 2-Octyldodecyl Myristate	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
B Water	To 100.00	To 100.00	To 100.00	To 100.00
B Avicel PC591(5%)	40.00	40.00	40.00	40.00
C Water	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
C Citric Acid	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
C Sodium Citrate	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
D Corum 9515	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
D Water	0.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
D Sodium Bisulfite	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.20
E Transcultol CG	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
F Optiphen MIT	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
pH Value(3min)—D0	4.81	4.82	4.77	4.80
Viscosity(#4/12rpm//30sec) —D3	24600	26700	22500	20400
pH Value(3min)—6 months	4.94	4.93	4.86	4.31

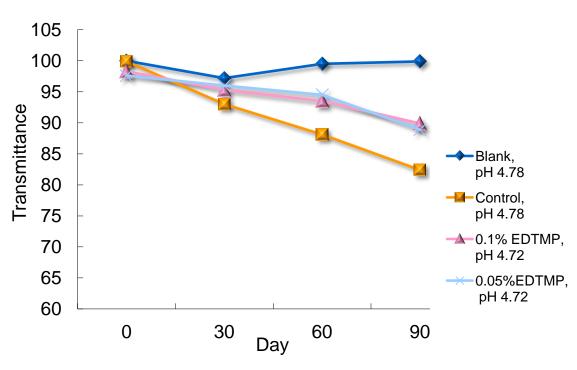


Minimize Color Change - Chelating Agent

Metal lons can promote oxidation. Chelating agents work to trap and inactivate these metal ions with the formation of chelating complexes in the solution



EDTMP was found to minimize oxidation remarkably in solutions containing Corum 9515 according to our experiments.







Corum 9515 Toxicological Information

1. Skin Irritancy Test by *IDEA*, *France*

2% Corum 9515 on the external face of the arm maintained over 48 hours with the help of a semi-occlusive patch.

Corum 9515 is found to be **non-irritant** after 48 hours semi-occlusive patch test.

2. Cytotoxicity Test by Evic, France

Cytotoxicity test on Corum 9515 diluted with 10% distilled water.

Corum 9515 diluted at 10 % with distilled water was judged **negligible**.

3. AMES Test by Vivotecnia, Spain

Corum 9515 were found to be **non mutagenic** and **non pro-mutagenic**.



Corum 9515 Summary



- effective and stable skin lightening agent
- Balance the skin tone
- Reduce dark spot
- Increase collagen synthesis
- Excellent anti-oxidation properties
- Scavenge radical
- DNA protection



